## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

1	1. (Currently amended) A method to facilitate locking an adversary out of
2	a network application, comprising:
3	receiving at a server a request, including an authentication credential, to
4	access the network application, wherein the authentication credential includes a
5	user identifier associated with a user and a network address of a user device;
6	examining an audit log to determine if the user identifier has been locked
7	out from the network address; and
8	if the user identifier has been locked out from the network address,
9	denying access to the network application;
10	otherwise, checking the authentication credential for validity, and
11	if the authentication credential is valid,
12	allowing access to the network application,
13	otherwise,
14	logging a failed attempt in the audit log, wherein the
15	user identifier is locked out from the network address after
16	a threshold number of failed attempts,
17	imposing a global lockout for the user identifier
18	after a threshold number of network addresses are locked
19	out for the user identifier, and
20	denying access to the network application;

21	whereby the adversary is prevented from accomplishing an attack by	
22	masquerading as the user.	
1	2 (Canceled).	
1	3. (Currently amended) The method of elaim 2 claim 1, further comprising	
2	removing comprising removing a lockout after a predetermined period of time.	
1	4. (Currently amended) The method of elaim 2claim 1, further comprising	
2	manually comprising manually removing a lockout by an administrator of the	
3	server.	
1	5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the authentication credential	
2	includes a user name and a password.	
1	6. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein checking the authentication	
2	credential for validity involves:	
3	verifying that an administrator has authorized access to the network	
4	application for a combination of the user name and the password; and	
5	determining if the request violates an access rule in a rule table.	
1	7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the access rule can specify:	
2	an allowed time-of-day;	
3	an allowed number of access attempts;	
4	an allowed network address; and	
_	an allowed nativark domain	

2	an Internet Protocol address.
1	9. (Currently amended) A computer-readable storage medium storing
2	instructions that when executed by a computer cause the computer to perform a
3	method to facilitate locking an adversary out of a network application,
4	comprising:
5	receiving at a server a request, including an authentication credential, to
6	access the network application, wherein the authentication credential includes a
7	user identifier associated with a user and a network address of a user device;
8	examining an audit log to determine if the user identifier has been locked
9	out from the network address; and
10	if the user identifier has been locked out from the network address,
11	denying access to the network application;
12	otherwise, checking the authentication credential for validity, and
13	if the authentication credential is valid,
14	allowing access to the network application,
15	otherwise,
16	logging a failed attempt in the audit log, wherein the
17	user identifier is locked out from the network address after
18	a threshold number of failed attempts,
19	imposing a global lockout for the user identifier
20	after a threshold number of network addresses are locked
21	out for the user identifier, and
22	denying access to the network application;
23	whereby the adversary is prevented from accomplishing an attack by
24	masquerading as the user.

8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the network address includes

1

10	(Canceled).

1

1

2

1	11. (Currently amended) The computer-readable storage medium of claim
2	10claim 9, the method further comprising: removing comprising removing a
3	lockout after a predetermined period of time.
1	12. (Currently amended) The computer-readable storage medium of claim
2	10claim 9, the method further comprising: manually comprising manually
3	removing a lockout by an administrator of the server.
1	13. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 9, whereir
2	the authentication credential includes a user name and a password.
1	14. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 13,
2	wherein checking the authentication credential for validity involves:
3	verifying that an administrator has authorized access to the network
4	application for a combination of the user name and the password; and
5	determining if the request violates an access rule in a rule table.
1	15. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 14,
2	wherein the access rule can specify:
3	an allowed time-of-day;
4	an allowed number of access attempts;
5	an allowed network address; and
6	an allowed network domain.

16. (Original) The computer-readable storage medium of claim 9, wherein

the network address includes an Internet Protocol address.

1	17. (Currently amended) An apparatus to facilitate locking an adversary
2	out of a network application, comprising:
3	a receiving mechanism that is configured to receive at a server a request,
4	including an authentication credential, to access the network application, wherein
5	the authentication credential includes a user identifier associated with a user and a
6	network address of a user device;
7	an examining mechanism that is configured to examine an audit log to
8	determine if the user identifier has been locked out from the network address; and
9	an access mechanism that is configured to deny access to the user
0	identifier if the user identifier has been locked out from the network address;
1	a validation mechanism that is configured to check the authentication
2	credential for validity, wherein the access mechanism is further configured to
3	allow access if the authentication credential is valid; and
4	a logging mechanism that is configured to log a failed attempt in the audit
5	log, wherein the user identifier is locked out from the network address after a
6	threshold number of failed attempts, and wherein the access mechanism is further
7	configured to deny access to the user identifier after a failed access attempt;
8	a lockout mechanism that is configured to impose a global lockout for the
.9	user identifier after a threshold number of network addresses are locked out for
20	the user identifier; and
21	whereby the adversary is prevented from accomplishing an attack by
22	masquerading as the user.
1	18 (Canceled).
1	19. (Currently amended) The apparatus of elaim 18 claim 17, further
2	comprising: a comprising a lockout removing mechanism that is configured to
3	remove a lockout after a predetermined period of time.

1	20. (Currently amended) The apparatus of elaim 18claim 17, further
2	comprising: a comprising a lockout removing mechanism that is configured to
3	allow an administrator of the server to manually remove a lockout.
1	21. (Original) The apparatus of claim 17, wherein the authentication
2	credential includes a user name and a password.
1	22. (Original) The apparatus of claim 21, further comprising:
2	a verification mechanism that is configured to verify that an administrator
3	has authorized access to the network application for a combination of the user
4	name and the password; and
5	a violation determining mechanism that is configured to determine if the
6	request violates an access rule in a rule table.
1	23. (Original) The apparatus of claim 22, wherein the access rule can
2	specify:
3	an allowed time-of-day;
4	an allowed number of access attempts;
5	an allowed network address; and
6	an allowed network domain.
1	24. (Original) The apparatus of claim 17, wherein the network address

includes an Internet Protocol address.

2